

UNIVERSITAS NEGERI PADANG
FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT, MATHEMATICS STUDY PROGRAM
Main Campus Universitas Negeri Padang.
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Bachelor of Science in Mathematics
MODULE HANDBOOK

| Module name: | Sampling Technique |
| :---: | :---: |
| Module level, if applicable: | Bachelor |
| Code: | MAT2.62.5005 |
| Subheading, if applicable: | - |
| Classes, if applicable: | Sampling Technique |
| Semester: | $5^{\text {th }}$ (fifth) |
| Module coordinator: | Head of Statistics Expertise Group |
| Lecturer(s): | Dra. Minora Longgom, M.Si and Dra. Helma, M.Si. |
| Language: | Indonesian Language and English |
| Classification within the curriculum: | Compulsory course in third year ( $5^{\text {th }}$ semester) Bachelor Degree |
| Teaching format / class hours per week during the semester: | a. Lectures : Guided Discovery Learning with methods such as expository, discussion, and drill. (3 x 50 minutes $=150$ minutes) <br> b. Structured assignment : Weekly individual written assignment. ( $3 \times 60$ minutes $=180$ minutes ). <br> c. Individual study ( $3 \times 60$ minutes $=180$ minutes ). |
| Workload: | Total workload is 136 hours per semester which consists of 150 minutes lectures, 180 minutes structured activities, and 180 minutes self-study per week for 16 weeks. |
| Credit points: | 3 sks $=4.53$ ECTS |
| Prerequisites course(s): | Elementary Statistics |

$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { Course outcomes: } & \begin{array}{l}\text { After taking this course the students have ability to: } \\ \text { CO. 1 Identify the definition of population and } \\ \text { sample, parameters and statistics and also the purpose } \\ \text { and the application of sampling in research } \\ \text { CO. 2 Distinguish probability sampling and non-probability } \\ \text { sampling } \\ \text { CO. 3 Analyze the usefulness of the normal distribution, bias } \\ \text { and its effects } \\ \text { CO. 4 Perform simple random sampling, proportion samples } \\ \text { and percentage samples } \\ \text { CO. 5 Use proportion sampling formula for discrete or } \\ \text { continuous data }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Content: } & \begin{array}{l}\text { 1. Statistical theory concept and research design } \\ \text { Simple random sampling }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { 2. Sampling proportion and percentage of sample size } \\ \text { estimation }\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{l}\text { 3. Stratified random sampling Systematic sampling }\end{array}\right\}$

PLO and CO Mapping

|  | PLO1 | PLO2 | PLO3 | PLO4 | PLO5 | PLO6 | PLO7 | PLO8 | PLO9 | PLO10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |
| CO2 |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |
| CO3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| CO4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| $\operatorname{CO5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |

